

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

## 630 SXCF (Aerosol)

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

630 SXCF (Aerosol)

UFI: W0FS-W6NU-TASU-MSJ9

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

Synthetic base oil lubricating grease. Superior multi-purpose grease for heavy loads, high heat and corrosive environments.

#### Uses advised against

No information available.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name: Chesterton International GmbH

Street: Am Lenzenfleck 23

Place: D-85737 Ismaning GERMANY

Telephone: +49 89 99 65 46 - 0 Telefax: +49 89 99 65 46 - 50

E-mail: eu-sds@chesterton.com

Contact person: eu-sds@chesterton.com Telephone: +49 89 99 65 46 - 0

E-mail: eu-sds@chesterton.com
Internet: www.chesterton.com
Responsible Department: eu-sds@chesterton.com

**1.4. Emergency telephone** +49(0) 551 - 1 92 40 (GIZ-Nord, 24h)

number:

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Aerosol 1; H222-H229 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H336 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411

Full text of hazard statements: see SECTION 16.

### 2.2. Label elements

## Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Hazard components for labelling

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts

Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium salts



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Signal word: Danger

Pictograms:







#### **Hazard statements**

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

Pź	210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P2	211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P2	251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P2	260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P2	264	Wash hands and body thoroughly after handling.
P2	273	Avoid release to the environment.
P2	271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Pź	280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P	302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.
Pί	332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
Pί	304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P	312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P	362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P	403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
P	410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
P	501	Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate recycling or disposal facility.

## 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria.

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2. Mixtures



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# Relevant ingredients

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	Classification (Regulation (EC) No	1272/2008)	•			
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate;	Low boiling point modified i	aphtha	25 - 45 %		
	265-068-8	649-276-00-X	01-2119463272-43			
	Flam. Liq. 2, Skin Irrit. 2, STOT SE H411	3, Asp. Tox. 1, Aquatic Chro	onic 2; H225 H315 H336 H304			
75-28-5	isobutane			20 - 30 %		
	200-857-2	601-004-00-0	01-2119485395-27			
	Flam. Gas 1, Liquefied gas; H220 H	H280				
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dew	1 - 5 %				
	265-169-7	649-474-00-6	01-2119471299-27			
	Asp. Tox. 1; H304					
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alky	1- 5 %				
	271-529-4		01-2119492627-25			
	Skin Sens. 1B; H317					
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction	< 1 %				
	270-128-1		01-2119491299-23			
	Repr. 2, Aquatic Chronic 3; H361f H412					
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium	< 1 %				
	263-093-9		01-2119488992-18			
	Skin Sens. 1B; H317					
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-2	< 1 %				
	274-263-7		01-2119492616-28			
	Skin Sens. 1B; H317	-				

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.



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Specific Conc. Limits. M-factors and ATE

CAS No	EC No	Chemical name	Quantity			
	Specific Cond	Limits, M-factors and ATE				
64741-66-8	265-068-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha	25 - 45 %			
	inhalation: L0 mg/kg	C50 = > 4,96 mg/l (vapours); dermal: LD50 = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000				
64742-65-0	265-169-7	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	1 - 5 %			
	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg					
68584-23-6	271-529-4	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	1- 5 %			
	dermal: LD50	) = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 16000 mg/kg				
68411-46-1	270-128-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	< 1 %			
	dermal: LD50	) = > 2000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg				
61789-86-4	263-093-9	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts	< 1 %			
	dermal: LD50	dermal: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 5000 mg/kg				
70024-69-0	274-263-7	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium salts	< 1 %			
	dermal: LD50 = > 4000 mg/kg; oral: LD50 = > 16000 mg/kg					

#### **Further Information**

No information available.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### **General information**

Change contaminated, saturated clothing. In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

#### After inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Call a doctor.

## After contact with skin

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

### After contact with eyes

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

## After ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Let 1 glass of water be drunken in little sips (dilution effect).

Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



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Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Headache, Dizziness, Pulmonary oedema Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

- Dry extinguishing powder.
- Carbon dioxide (CO2).
- alcohol resistant foam.
- Water spray jet

## Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Heating causes rise in pressure with risk of bursting.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Co-ordinate fire-fighting measures to the fire surroundings.

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Protective clothing.

## **Additional information**

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### General advice

Remove persons to safety.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Clear spills immediately.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Cover drains.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Treat the recovered material as prescribed in the section on waste disposal.



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#### For cleaning up

Clean contaminated articles and floor according to the environmental legislation.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

## Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Use protective skin cream before handling the product. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. Wash hands and face before breaks and after work and take a shower if necessary.

## Further information on handling

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Only wear fitting, comfortable and clean protective clothing. Used working clothes should not be worn outside the work area. Street clothing should be stored separately from work clothing.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep/Store only in original container.

Protect from direct sunlight.

#### Hints on joint storage

Keep away from:

- Food and feedingstuffs

## Further information on storage conditions

Keep away from:

- Frost
- Heat
- Humidity

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters



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# Occupational exposure limits

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fib/cm³	Category	Origin
75-28-5	Butane, all isomers - Isobutane	1000			STEL (15 min)	
106-97-8	Butane, all isomers - n-butane	1000	-		STEL (15 min)	



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## **DNEL/DMEL values**

CAS No	Substance			
DNEL type		Exposure route	Effect	Value
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boilin	g point modified naphtha	<del>.</del>	
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	1,9 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, acute	inhalation	systemic	1286,4 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	773 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	local	837,5 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,41 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, acute	inhalation	local	1066,67 mg/m³
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	dermal	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, acute	inhalation	systemic	1152 mg/m³
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	oral	systemic	699 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	local	178,57 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, acute	inhalation	local	640 mg/m³
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy	y paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified	l .	
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	2,73 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	local	5,58 mg/m³
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	0,97 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	local	1,19 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,74 mg/kg bw/day
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., ca	lcium salts		
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	local	1,03 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	2,9 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	11,75 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	3,33 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	local	1,03 mg/m³
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	local	2,9 mg/m³
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	systemic	1,667 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	dermal	local	0,513 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,833 mg/kg bw/day
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products w	ith 2,4,4-trimethylpentene		
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,31 mg/m³



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Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,44 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	0,08 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	0,22 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,05 mg/kg bw/day
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts			
Worker DNEL	, long-term	inhalation	systemic	11,75 mg/m³
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	systemic	3,33 mg/kg bw/day
Worker DNEL	, long-term	dermal	local	1,03 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	2,9 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	1,667 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	dermal	local	0,513 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,833 mg/kg bw/day
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium s	alts		
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	dermal	systemic	1,667 mg/kg bw/day
Consumer DNEL, long-term		dermal	local	0,513 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Worker DNEL, long-term		dermal	local	1,03 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>
Consumer DN	IEL, long-term	inhalation	systemic	2,9 mg/m³
Consumer DN	EL, long-term	oral	systemic	0,833 mg/kg bw/day



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### **PNEC values**

CAS No	Substance				
Environmental	compartment	Value			
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified				
Secondary pois	oning	9,33 mg/kg			
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts				
Freshwater		1 mg/l			
Freshwater (in	ermittent releases)	10 mg/l			
Marine water		1 mg/l			
Freshwater sed	liment	226000000 mg/kg			
Marine sedime	nt	226000000 mg/kg			
Secondary pois	coning	16,667 mg/kg			
Micro-organisn	s in sewage treatment plants (STP)	1000 mg/l			
Soil		271000000 mg/kg			
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene				
Freshwater		0,034 mg/l			
Freshwater (in	ermittent releases)	0,51 mg/l			
Marine water	Marine water				
Freshwater sed	liment	0,446 mg/kg			
Marine sedime	nt	0,045 mg/kg			
Secondary pois	soning	0,833 mg/kg			
Micro-organisn	s in sewage treatment plants (STP)	10 mg/l			
Soil		17,6 mg/kg			
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts				
Freshwater		1 mg/l			
Freshwater (in	ermittent releases)	10 mg/l			
Marine water		1 mg/l			
Freshwater sed	liment	226000000 mg/kg			
Marine sedime	nt	226000000 mg/kg			
Secondary pois	coning	16,667 mg/kg			
Micro-organisn	Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)				
Soil		271000000 mg/kg			
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium salts				
Freshwater 1 mg/l					
Freshwater (in	ermittent releases)	10 mg/l			
Marine water		1 mg/l			



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Freshwater sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Marine sediment	226000000 mg/kg
Secondary poisoning	16,667 mg/kg
Micro-organisms in sewage treatment plants (STP)	1000 mg/l
Soil	271000000 mg/kg

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation as well as local exhaustion at critical locations.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Suitable eye protection: Eye glasses with side protection goggles

### Hand protection

Tested protective gloves must be worn: EN ISO 374 NBR (Nitrile rubber), Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)

Thickness of the glove material >= 0,4 mm

Wearing time with permanent contact: Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,4 mm, Breakthrough time: >480 min

Wearing time with occasional contact (splashes): Thickness of the glove material: >= 0,1 mm, Breakthrough time: > 30 min

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Breakthrough times and swelling properties of the material must be taken into consideration.

## Skin protection

For the protection against direct skin contact, body protective clothing is essential (in addition to the usual working clothes).

# **Respiratory protection**

If technical exhaust or ventilation measures are not possible or insufficient, respiratory protection must be

Filtering device (full mask or mouthpiece) with filter: AX

## Thermal hazards

No data available

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

No special measures are necessary.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: cream
Odour: like: Mineral oil



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**Test method** 

Melting point/freezing point:

No data available

Boiling point or initial boiling point and No data available

boiling range:

Flammability:

Lower explosion limits:

No data available

No data available

Upper explosion limits:

No data available

Flash point: 7 °C
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available

pH-Value: not applicable
Viscosity / kinematic: 425 mm²/s

(at 40 °C)

Water solubility: Immiscible

Solubility in other solvents

No information available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water:

Vapour pressure:

Density (at 20 °C):

Relative vapour density:

No data available

No data available

0,84 g/cm³

>1

### 9.2. Other information

## Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air.

Self-ignition temperature

Solid: No data available
Gas: No data available

Oxidizing properties

No information available.

## Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate: <1 (Ether=1)

Solvent content: 60 Vol.%
Sublimation point: No data available
Softening point: No data available
Pour point: No data available
Viscosity / dynamic: No data available

## **Further Information**

No information available.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is stable under storage at normal ambient temperatures.



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#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

This material is considered to be non-reactive under normal use conditions.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidising agent, strong

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

- Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
- Carbon dioxide (CO2)
- Carbon monoxide

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Acute toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **ATEmix** calculated

ATE (oral) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg; ATE (inhalation vapour) > 20 mg/l; ATE (inhalation dust/mist) > 5 mg/l



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CAS No	Chemical name								
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method			
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), ligh	nt alkylate; l	Low boiling po	oint modified napht	ha				
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	Study report (1986)	OECD Guideline 401			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rabbit	Study report (1986)	OECD Guideline 402			
	inhalation (4 h) vapour	LC50 mg/l	> 4,96	Rat	Study report (1992)	OECD Guideline 403			
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), so	olvent-dewa	xed heavy pa	araffinic; Baseoil - ι	unspecified				
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 401			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rabbit	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 402			
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts								
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 16000	Rat	Study report (1981)	other: Section 772 .112-21 CFR 40			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rabbit	Study report (1981)	OECD Guideline 402			
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene								
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	Study report (1982)	OECD Guideline 401			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 2000	Rat	Study report (1988)	OECD Guideline 402			
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts								
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rat	Study report (1985)	OECD Guideline 401			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 5000	Rabbit	Study report (1981)	OECD Guideline 402			
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mo	ono-C16-24	l-alylderivs., o	calcium salts					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	> 16000	Rat	Study report (1981)	other: Section 772 .112-21 CFR 40			
	dermal	LD50 mg/kg	> 4000	Rabbit	Study report (1986)	other: 40 CFR, Section 163.81-2, Federal			

## Irritation and corrosivity

Skin corrosion/irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. (Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts; Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts; Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium salts)

# Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction



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Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. (Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha)

## STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## 11.2. Information on other hazards

## **Endocrine disrupting properties**

No data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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CAS No	Chemical name										
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method				
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), ligh	t alkylate; L	ow boiling po	int modif	ied naphtha						
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50	8,2 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Study report (1995)	other: EPA 66013-75-009				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50	3,1 mg/l	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 201				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EL50	4,5 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 202				
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	2,6 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Study report (1999)	other: OECD Guideline 211				
	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC	2,6 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	Study report (1999)	OECD Guideline 211				
75-28-5	isobutane										
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	49,9	96 h	Fish, no other information	United States Environmental Protection A	The Ecosar class program has been develo				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	19,37	96 h		USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	69,43	48 h	Daphnia sp.	USEPA OPPT Risk Assessment Division (200	Calculation using ECOSAR Program v1.00.				
64742-65-0	Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified										
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 mg/l	> 100	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Study report (1995)	OECD Guideline 203				
	Fish toxicity	NOEC mg/l	>= 1000	14 d	Oncorhynchus mykiss	CONCAWE, Brussels, Belgium (2010)	The aquatic toxicity was estimated by a				
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts										
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	Study report (1994)	EPA OTS 797.1050				
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50 mg/l ( )	> 10000	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Study report (1994)	OECD Guideline 209				
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-,	reaction pr	oducts with 2	,4,4-trim	ethylpentene						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	> 100	96 h	Danio rerio	Study report (1988)	OECD Guideline 203				
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 100	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	Study report (2006)	OECD Guideline 201				
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50	51 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (2004)	OECD Guideline 202				
	Fish toxicity	NOEC	10 mg/l	34 d	Danio rerio	Study report (2020)	OECD Guideline 210				



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	Crustacea toxicity	NOEC mg/l	4,45	21 d	Daphnia magna	Study report (2020)	OECD Guideline 211	
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts							
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 mg/l	> 10000	96 h	Cyprinodon variegatus	Study report (1986)	OECD Guideline 203	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	Study report (1994)	EPA OTS 797.1050	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	Study report (1993)	EPA OTS 797.1300	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50 mg/l ( )	> 10000	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	Study report (1994)	OECD Guideline 209	
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mo	no-C16-24-a	alylderivs., ca	alcium sa	alts			
	Acute fish toxicity	LL50 mg/l	> 10000	96 h	Cyprinodon variegatus	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 203	
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 1000	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata	REACh Registration Dossier	EPA OTS 797.1050	
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 1000	48 h	Daphnia magna	REACh Registration Dossier	EPA OTS 797.1300	
	Acute bacteria toxicity	EC50 mg/l ( )	> 10000	3 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewag	REACh Registration Dossier	OECD Guideline 209	

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

## Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha	4,5
75-28-5	isobutane	1,09
68584-23-6	Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts	> 4,46
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	7,11
61789-86-4	Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts	> 4,46
70024-69-0	Benzenesulfonic acid, mono-C16-24-alylderivs., calcium salts	18,05

## BCF

CAS No	Chemical name	BCF	Species	Source
64741-66-8	Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha	198,7	Mytilus edulis	REACh Registration D
68411-46-1	Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	411	Cyprinus carpio	Study report (2000)



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## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to non-target organisms as no components meets the criteria.

No information available.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No information available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### **Disposal recommendations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### Contaminated packaging

Non-contaminated packages may be recycled. Packing which cannot be properly cleaned must be disposed of. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1. UN number or ID number:UN 195014.2. UN proper shipping name:AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):214.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1Classification code:5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0
Transport category: 2
Tunnel restriction code: D

Inland waterways transport (ADN)

**14.1. UN number or ID number:** UN 1950 **14.2. UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):214.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1Classification code:5F

Special Provisions: 190 327 344 625

Limited quantity: 1 L
Excepted quantity: E0



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Marine transport (IMDG)

**14.1. UN number or ID number:** UN 1950 **14.2. UN proper shipping name:** AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):2.114.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277, 327, 344, 381, 959

Limited quantity: 1000 mL Excepted quantity: E0 EmS: F-D, S-U

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number or ID number: UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):2.114.4. Packing group:-Hazard label:2.1

Special Provisions: A145 A167 A802

Limited quantity Passenger: 30 kg G
Passenger LQ: Y203
Excepted quantity: E0

IATA-packing instructions - Passenger:203IATA-max. quantity - Passenger:75 kgIATA-packing instructions - Cargo:203IATA-max. quantity - Cargo:150 kg

14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: Yes

Danger releasing substance: Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha

14.6. Special precautions for user
No information available.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No information available.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# **EU** regulatory information

Restrictions on use (REACH, annex XVII): Entry 3, Entry 29, Entry 40, Entry 75

National regulatory information

Employment restrictions: Observe restrictions to employment for juveniles according to the 'juvenile

work protection guideline' (94/33/EC).

Water hazard class (D): 2 - obviously hazardous to water



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### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For the following substances of this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been carried out:

Naphtha (petroleum), light alkylate; Low boiling point modified naphtha

isobutane

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts

Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

Flam. Gas: Flammable gases

Aerosol: Aerosol Compressed gas Liquefied gas

Flam. Liq: Flammable liquid Asp. Tox: Aspiration hazard Skin Irrit: Skin irritation Skin Sens: Skin sensitisation Repr: Reproductive toxicity

STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Aquatic Chronic: Chronic aquatic hazard

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route

(European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID:Règlement international conernat le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer

(Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Refulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

CLP: Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures,

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

EC50: Effectice concentration, 50 percent

**DNEL: Derived No Effect Level** 

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative



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Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1; H222-H229	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Skin Sens. 1; H317	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
STOT SE 3; H336	Bridging principle "Aerosols"
Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	Calculation method

## Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229	Pressurised container: May burst if heated.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(The data for the relevant ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)